

Caring for You and Your Farm®

**Summer 2021** 

# Landowner Educational Webinar



### **Farmland Values**

Speaker:

# **Doug Hensley**

President of Real Estate

Doug. Hensley @Hertz.ag









Caring for You and Your Farm®

**Summer 2021** 

**Land Values** 



### Agenda

- Background & Hertz Market Coverage
- Land Values Update
- What's Driving This Market?
- What Can You Expect?
- What To Watch
- Questions?



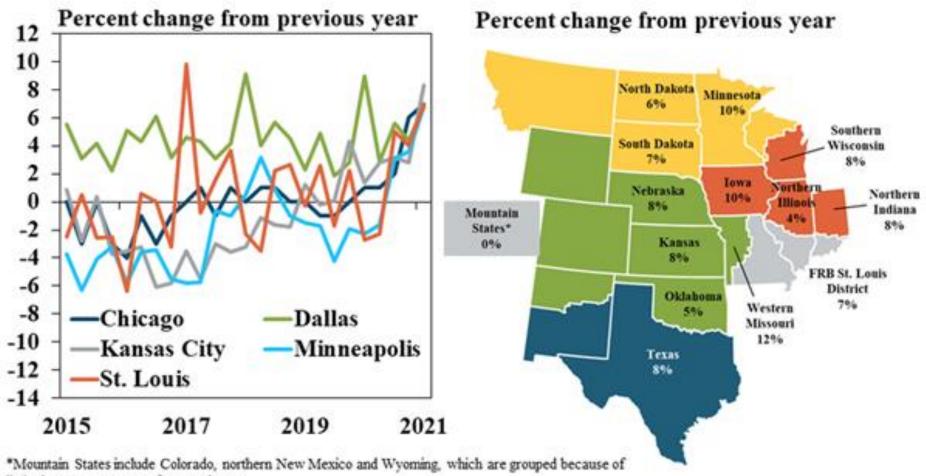
### **Farmland Values**

Farmland values are a barometer of the economic health and wealth of the farming economy.





### Non-Irrigated Land Values – Q1



"Mountam States include Colorado, northern New Mexico and Wyoming, which are grouped because of limited survey responses from each state.

Sources: Federal Reserve District Surveys of Agricultural Credit Conditions.



# Chicago Federal Reserve Study

#### Percent Change in Dollar Value of "Good" Farmland

January 1, 2021 April 1, 2020 to to

April 1, 2021 April 1, 2021

Illinois +2

Indiana +4

lowa +4

Michigan \*

Wisconsin +4

Seventh District +3

+4

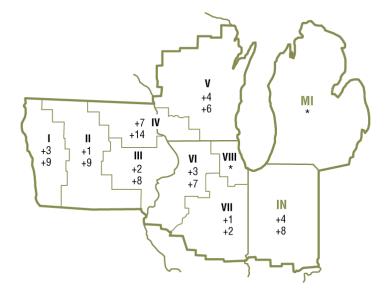
+8

+10

\*

+8

+7



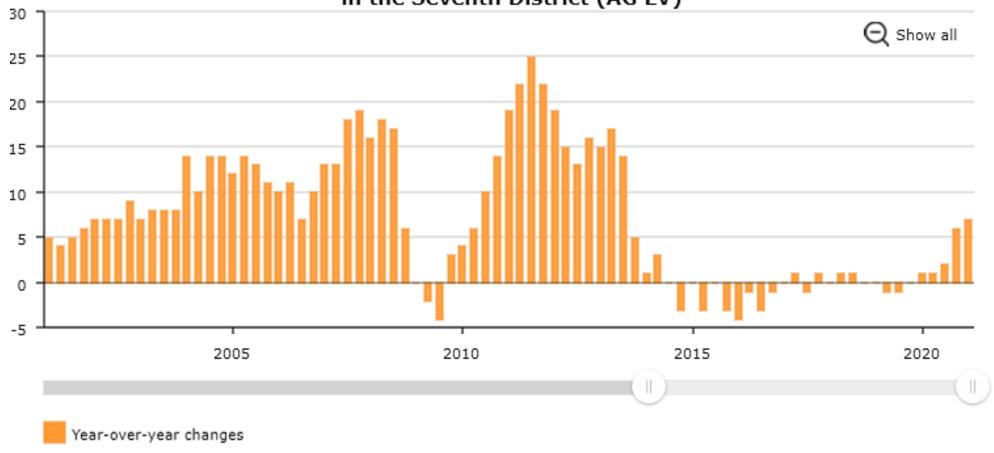
*Top:* January 1, 2021 to April 1, 2021 *Bottom:* April 1, 2020 to April 1, 2021





# Chicago Fed – Land Values Over Time









#### FARMLAND PRICE INDEX 75.9 80 70 60 46.8 50 40 30 20 10 0 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. July Aug. Sep. Nov. Dec. Oct. May June June 2020 2021 2021





# Perspective... June Sales @ HFM

#### 34 Farms Offered at Public Auction

- Sold! > \$10,000/Acre 29

- Sold! > \$12,000/Acre 26

- Sold! > \$14,000/Acre 18

- Sold! > \$16,000/Acre 5

This market is STRONG... and is either at or above prior highs made back in 2013-2014.

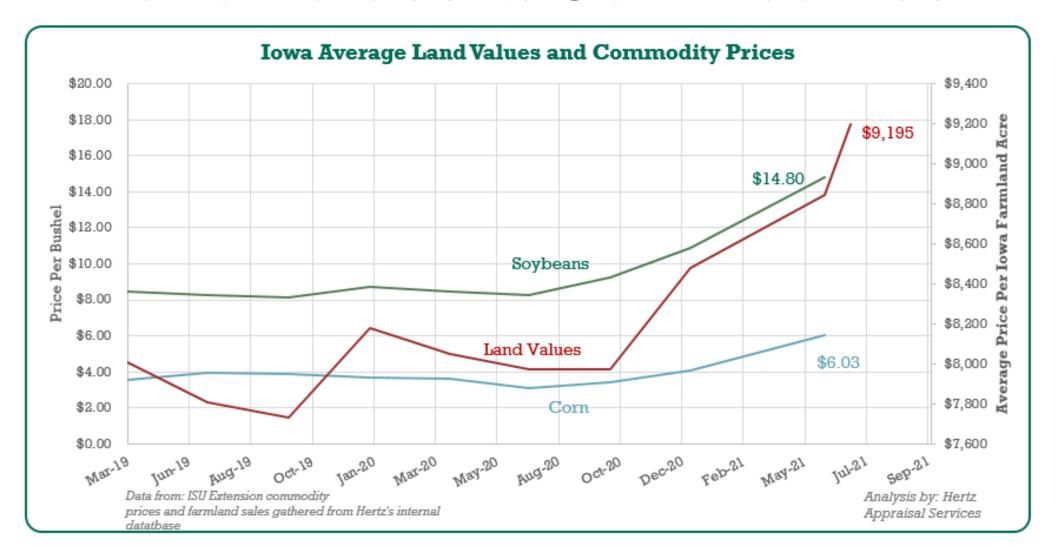


# What's Driving This Market???



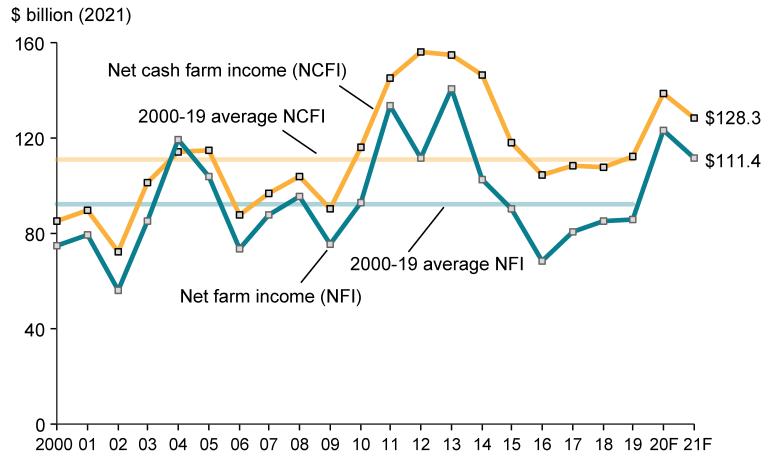


### **Land Values & Commodities**





# Decreasing Farm Income... Huh?

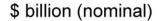


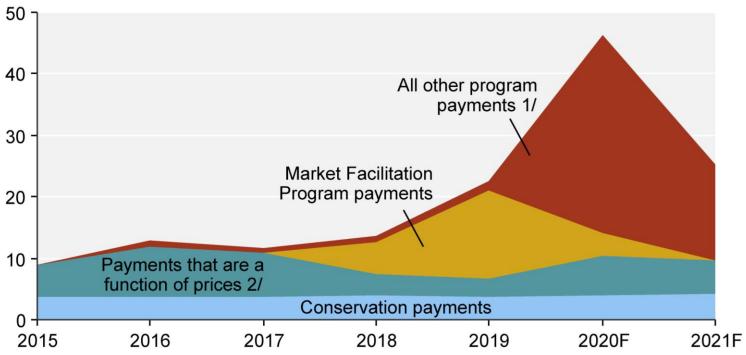
Note: F = forecast. Values are adjusted for inflation using the Gross Domestic Product chain-type price index, 2021=100.

Source: USDA, Economic Research Service, Farm Income and Wealth Statistics. Data as of February 5, 2021.



### **Decreasing Government Payments!**



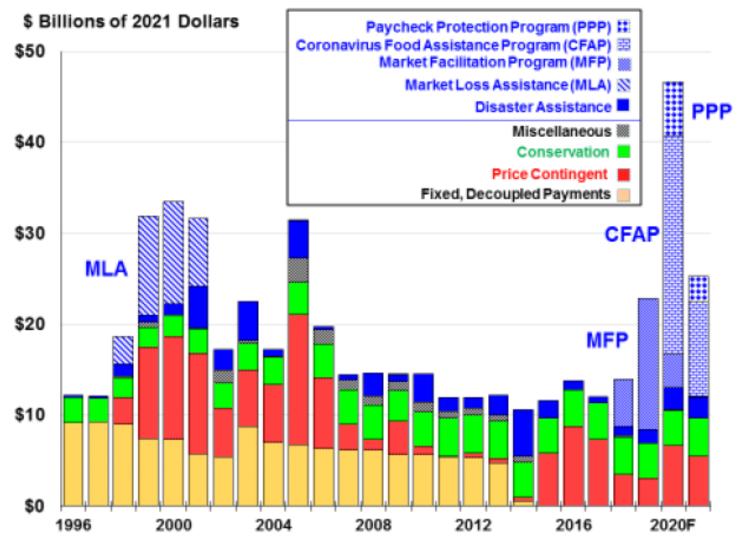


Note: F = forecast. 1/ "All other program payments" includes supplemental and ad hoc disaster assistance, which in 2020 and 2021 includes payments from the Coronavirus Food Assistance Program and the Paycheck Protection Program, and in 2021 also includes payments under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021. 2/ Includes Price Loss Coverage, Agriculture Risk Coverage, loan deficiency payments (excluding grazeout payments), marketing loan gains, certificate exchange gains, and dairy payments. Source: USDA, Economic Research Service, Farm Income and Wealth Statistics. Data as of February 5, 2021.

Source: USDA www.Hertz.ag



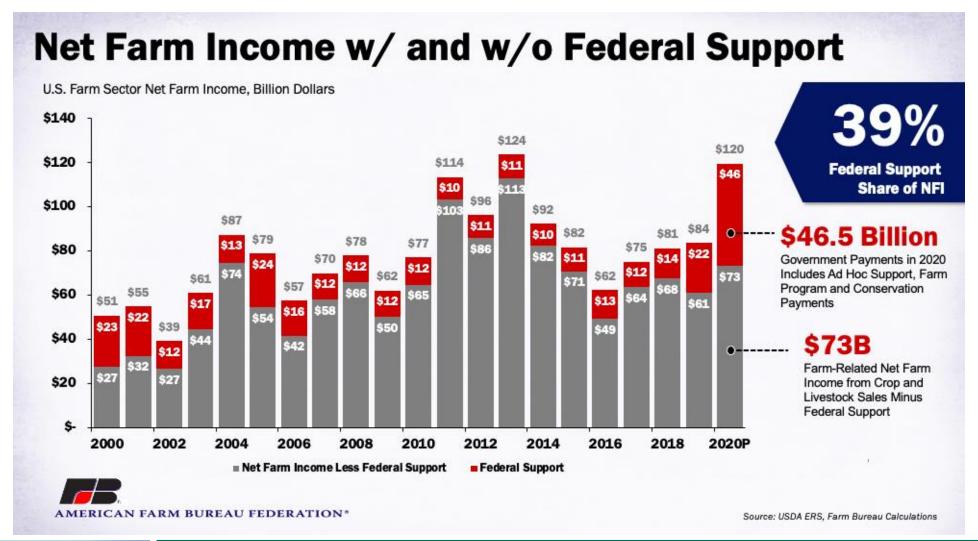
# Decreasing Government Payments!





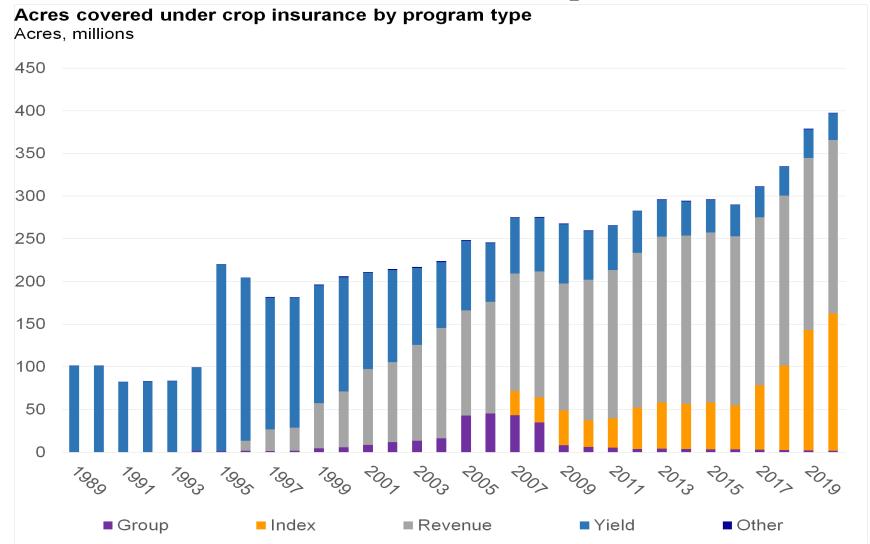


### **U.S. Net Farm Income**





# Gov't Support – Crop Insurance



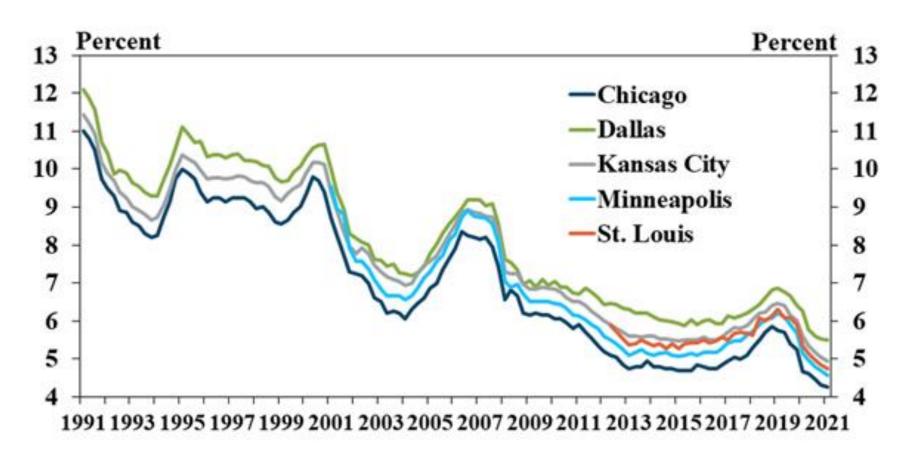


### Interest Rates – 10 Year Treasury





### Interest Rates... Historical by Fed



<sup>\*</sup>Average of fixed rates on agricultural loans of all types – operating, intermediate and real estate.

Note: Minneapolis survey began Q1 2001. St. Louis survey began Q2 2012. Chicago District includes only operating and real estate loans.

Sources: Federal Reserve District Surveys of Agricultural Credit Conditions.



#### Interest Rates... & More

#### Credit conditions at Seventh District agricultural banks

	Loan demand	Funds availability	Loan repayment rates	Average loan-to- deposit ratio	Interest rates on farm loans		
					Operating loans <sup>a</sup>	Feeder cattle <sup>a</sup>	Real estateª
	(index) <sup>b</sup>	(index) <sup>b</sup>	(index) <sup>b</sup>	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
2020							
Jan-Mar	117	107	59	78.9	4.83	5.01	4.51
Apr-June	103	119	64	77.6	4.77	4.94	4.40
July-Sept	85	131	93	75.0	4.65	4.79	4.24
Oct-Dec	91	148	133	73.6	4.49	4.66	4.10
2021							
Jan-Mar	79	162	146	69.7	4.42	4.58	4.08

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>At end of period.

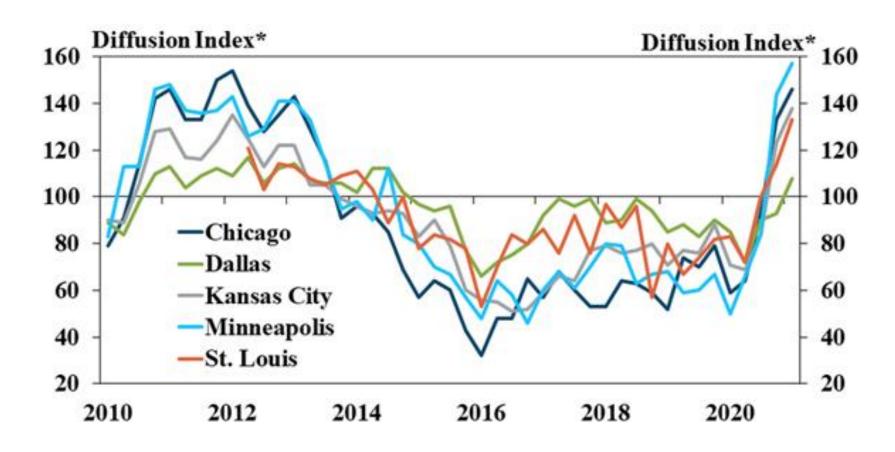




Interact rates on form loans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Bankers responded to each item by indicating whether conditions in the current quarter were higher or lower than (or the same as) in the year-earlier quarter. The index numbers are computed by subtracting the percentage of bankers who responded "lower" from the percentage who responded "higher" and adding 100. Note: Historical data on Seventh District agricultural credit conditions are available online, https://www.chicagofed.org/publications/agletter/index.

### **Bank Repayment Capacity**

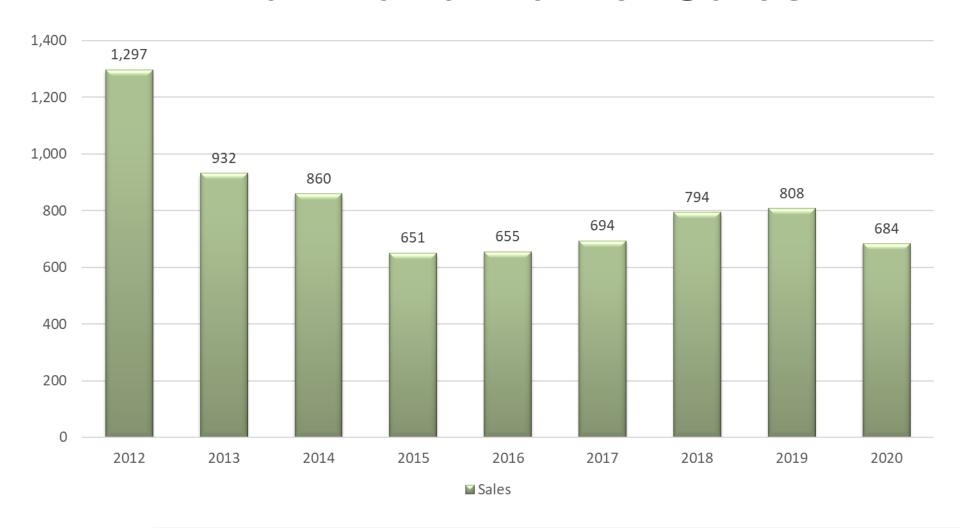


<sup>\*</sup>Bankers responded by indicating whether conditions during the current quarter was higher than, lower than or the same as in the year-earlier period. The index numbers are computed by subtracting the percentage of bankers who responded "lower" from the percentage who responded "higher" and adding 100. Note: St. Louis survey began Q2 2012.

Sources: Federal Reserve District Surveys of Agricultural Credit Conditions.



# Land Sale Volume – IA Farmland Market Sales





# What's Driving This Market???

- Commodity Prices
- Farm Income



- Interest Rates
- Borrowing Capacity... \$\$\$ to Loan
- Land Sale Volume

Do you ever recall a market where all the major drivers aligned simultaneously?



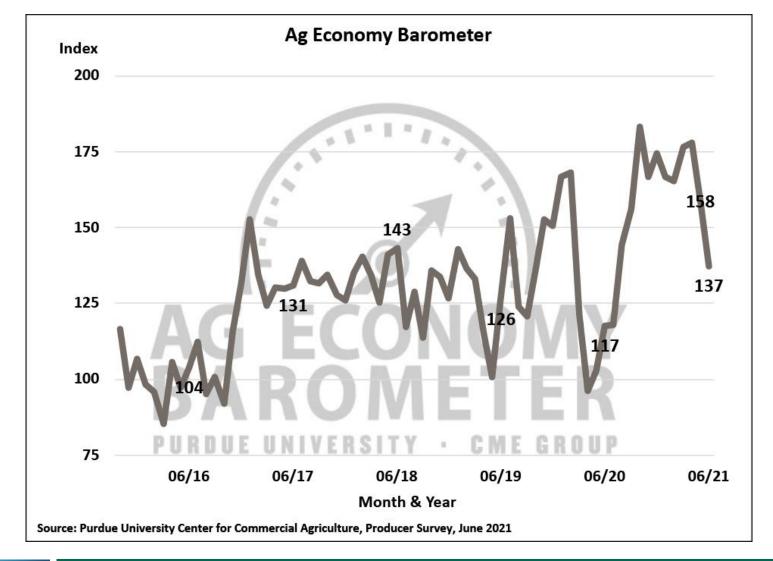


# So... What To Expect???



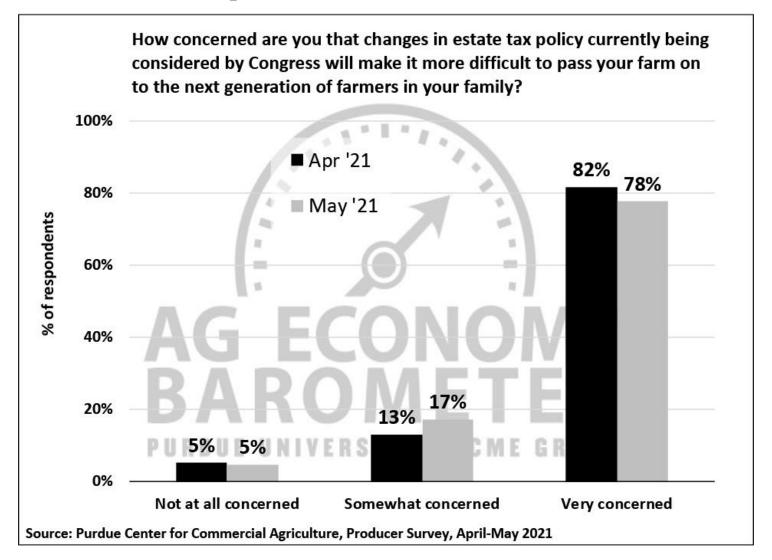


### Attitudes Improved Quickly... But...



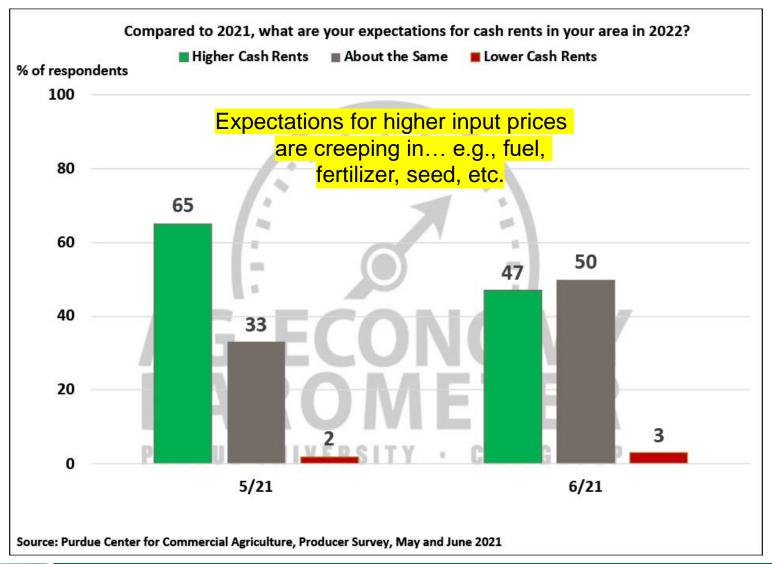


### Disruption Is Possible...



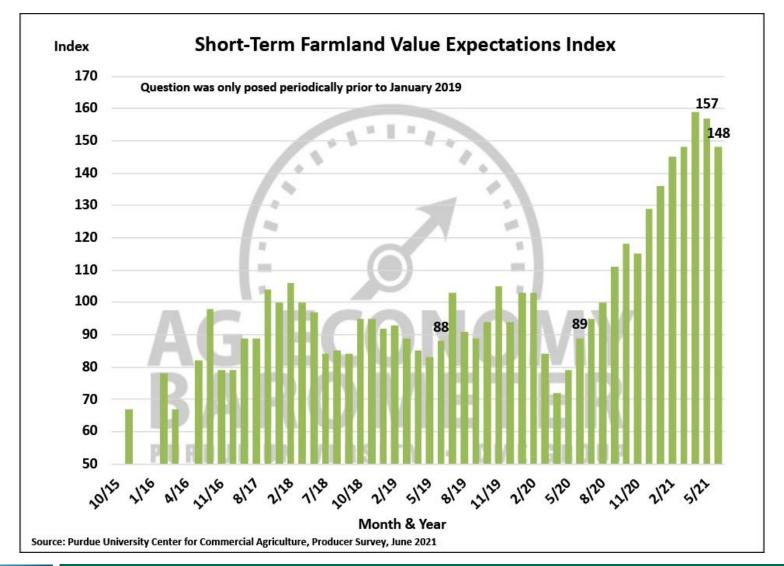


#### **2022 Rental Outlook**



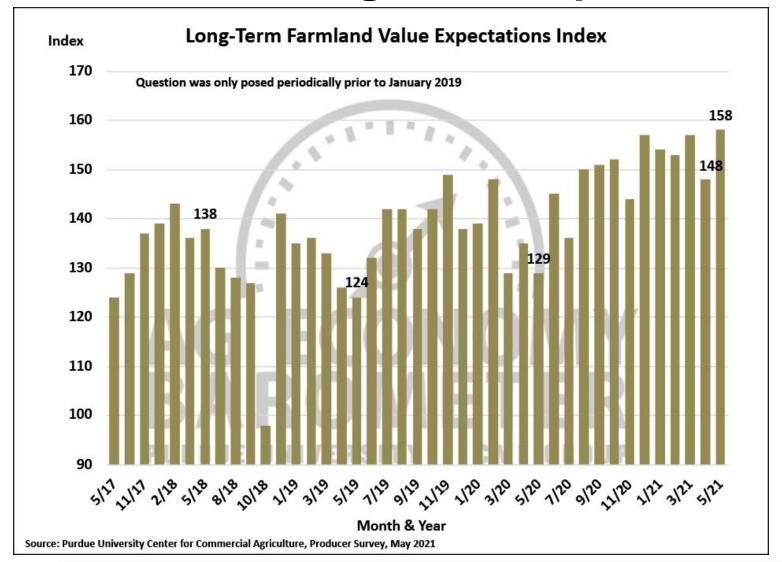


### **Land Values: Short-Term Expectations**





### Land Values: Long-Term Expectations





### Who Are The Buyers?

- Farmers → 60-80%, depends where!
- Local Investors Individuals
- Non-Local Investors Individuals
- Institutions e.g., TIAA-CREF, John Hancock, Prudential, UBS, Other Pension/Retirement Plans
- Newer Institutional Investors e.g., Summit, Ceres, Homestead Capital
- Crowd Funding Individual Farms e.g., *AcreTrader*



#### Farmland: Financial Performance 1990-2020

	Annual Ave.	Standard	Coefficient	US Ag 32 States Minimum		Maximum				
Asset/Index	Return	Deviation	of Variation	Correlation	Return	Return				
1991 - 2020										
US Ag 32 States	8.6%	3.79%	0.441	1	-1.2%	19.3%				
NCREIF Total Farmland	11.0%	6.62%	0.604	0.655	2.0%	33.9%				
Indiana	9.0%	5.06%	0.562	0.652	-1.0%	22.0%				
Illinois	9.2%	5.65%	0.611	0.797	0.8%	26.0%				
Iowa	10.7%	7.39%	0.693	0.645	-5.3%	24.9%				
Minnesota	10.3%	5.51%	0.535	0.787	-1.8%	20.3%				
Dow Jones	8.2%	14.38%	1.759	-0.108	-41.3%	28.9%				
CompositeREITS	10.1%	17.67%	1.746	-0.106	-47.5%	32.5%				
AAA	5.7%	1.64%	0.290	0.263	2.5%	8.8%				
TCM10Y	4.3%	1.84%	0.433	0.339	0.9%	7.9%				
Mort30F	5.9%	1.72%	0.290	0.345	3.1%	9.2%				
CD6M	3.37%	2.18%	0.648	0.355	0.2%	6.6%				
Gold	5.29%	14.13%	2.672	0.040	-31.9%	27.7%				
PPI	1.71%	3.94%	2.304	0.141	-7.4%	8.2%				
CPI	2.22%	0.87%	0.394	0.288	0.1%	4.0%				

**SPHertz** 

### What To Watch In Coming Months...

- Commodity Prices
- Interest Rates
- Sales Volume



 Tax Policy Under New Administration (e.g., Income tax rates, Capital Gain tax rates, Step-Up in Basis, 1031 still allowed?)





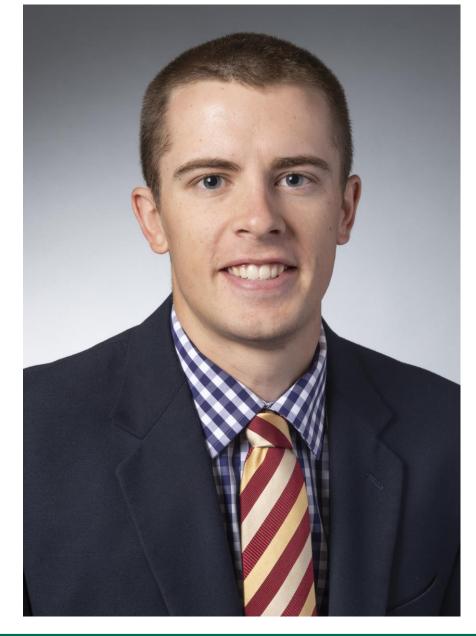
# Sustainability

Speaker:

# **Craig Welter**

Farm Manager

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Sustainability



# Agenda

- Goals of Sustainability
- Technology/Operations and Sustainability
- Sustainable Agronomic Practices
- Water Quality
- Carbon Credits
- Questions?



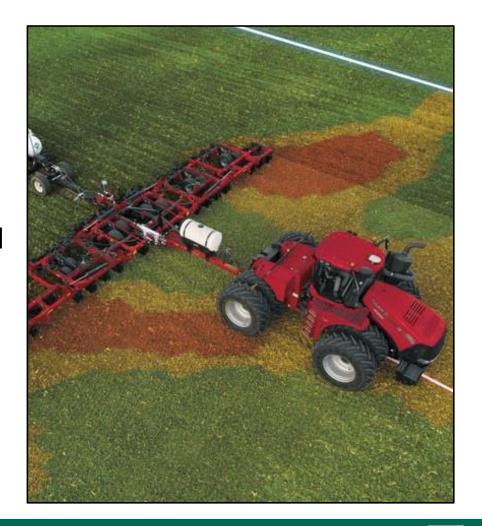
### Goals of Sustainability

- Lower, more efficient input usage
  - Nitrate leaching
- Reduced erosion and nutrient loss
  - Nitrogen & phosphorus runoff
- Improved water quality
- Healthier soil
  - Increased organic matter
  - Sequestered carbon



# **Technology & Farm Practices**

- "4 Rs" of Nutrient Application
  - Right Rate, Right Source, Right Place, Right Time
  - Split nitrogen applications
- Variable Rate Applications
  - Applying fertilizer, lime, and seed where it is needed
- Machinery Capabilities
  - Guidance Systems
  - Automatic Section Control
  - ExactApply





# Reduced Tillage

- Minimize soil disturbance
- Allow crop residue to help prevent soil erosion
- Improved soil structure
- Increased soil organic matter & retained carbon
- Can save \$\$\$
- Not "one size fits all"!







Planting Soybeans Into Cereal Rye Cover Crop



# **Cover Crops**

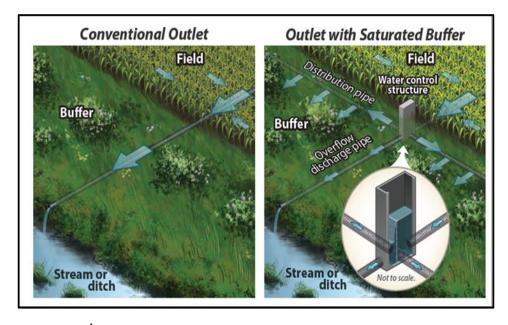
- Benefits
  - Provide protection from soil erosion
  - Improve organic matter, soil structure, & soil carbon
  - Create below-ground biological activity
  - Suppress weed pressure
  - Improve water quality by retaining nutrients
- Considerations
  - Soil types
  - When can you establish the cover?
  - Crop rotation
  - How will the cover be terminated?
  - Cost: \$25 to \$50 per acre
  - Some cost share available





# **Edge-of-Field Practices**

- Saturated Buffers
  - Control tile-drained water before entering streams
  - Convert excess nitrate to harmless nitrogen gas
  - Avg. 61% nitrate removal
    - Range: 22-96%
  - Can treat up to 200 acres
  - Requires adequate field slope & ample space for buffer strip



- \$2,000-4,000 to install
- USDA cost share available
- Low maintenance



### **Saturated Buffer**



## **Saturated Buffer**





### **Saturated Buffer**

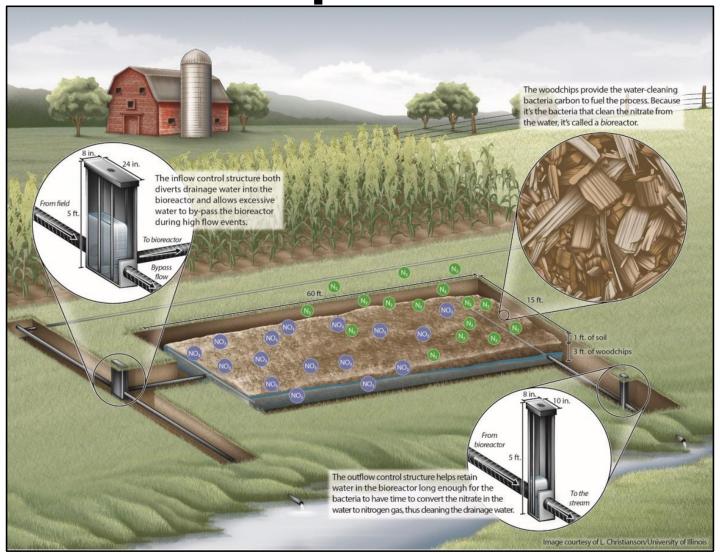


**Distribution Tile** 





# **Woodchip Bioreactor**





# **Edge-of-Field Practices**

- Woodchip Bioreactors
  - Remove nitrates from tile-drained water with bacteria
  - Reduce nitrate levels in water by 15-60%
  - Typically handle up to 80 acres of drainage
  - Cost: Approximately \$10,000 to install
  - USDA cost share is available
  - Woodchips need to be replaced after 10 years



# **Woodchip Bioreactor**











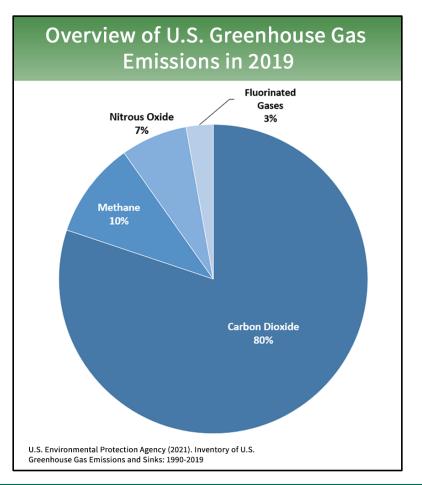


# **Water Quality**

- Water Credits
  - Initiative to reduce pollutants in water
  - Corporations, cities, etc. purchase water credits to reduce their nitrate & phosphate pollution impact
  - Landowners receive extra incentive for water quality improvements
  - Not widely available yet

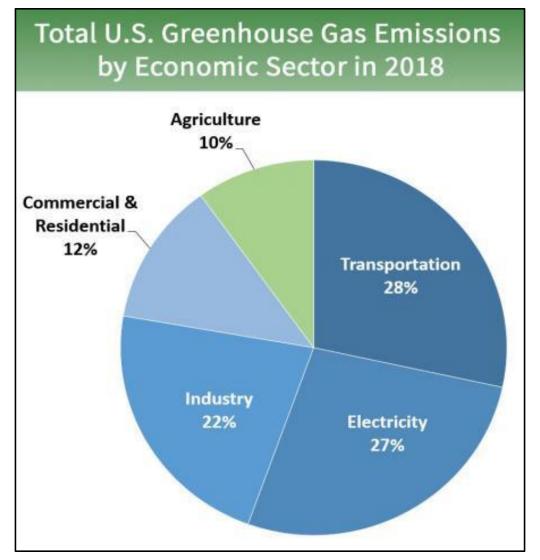


- Why is carbon important?
  - Initiative to reduce carbon emissions across all sectors
  - Various companies
     voluntarily purchasing
     "carbon credits" to offset
     their own emissions
  - Agriculture is part of the solution



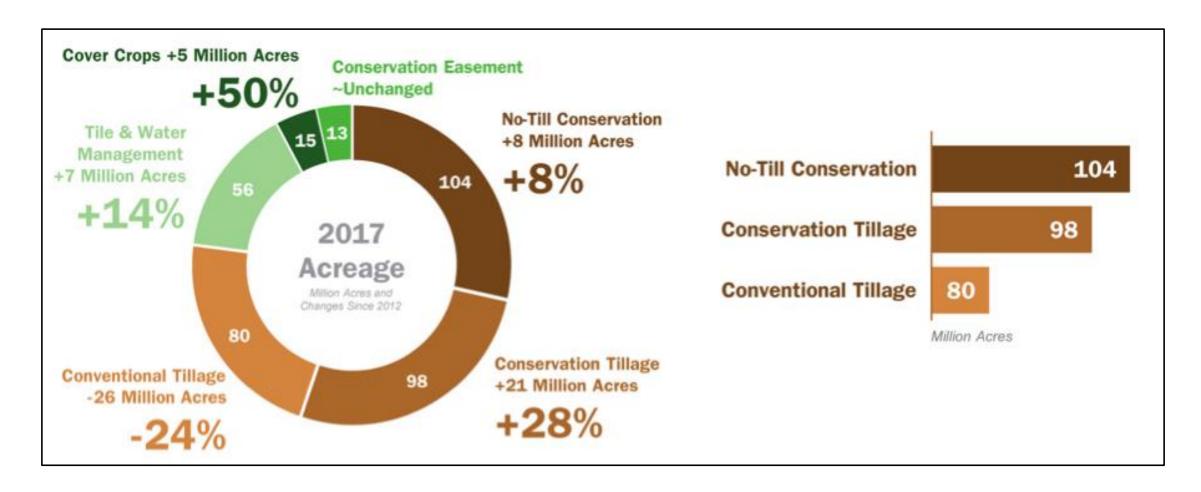


## **Agriculture's Carbon Impact**





## **Agriculture's Carbon Impact**

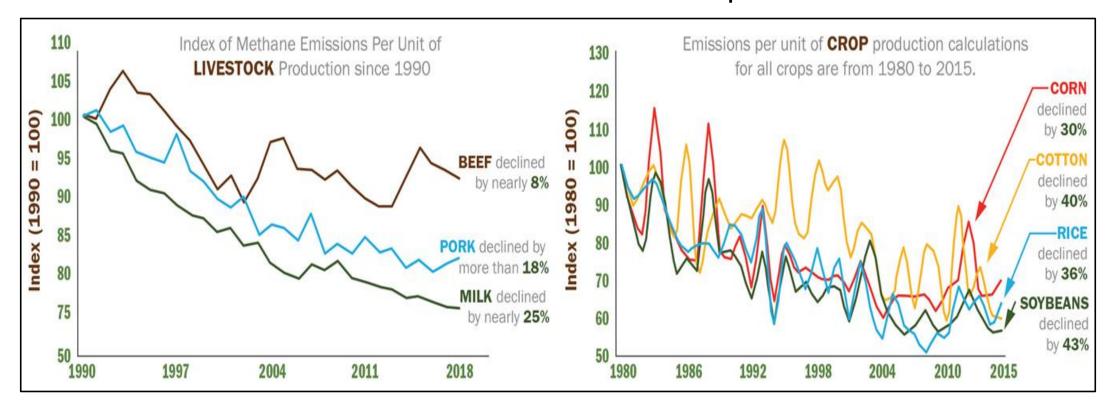




# Agriculture's Carbon Impact

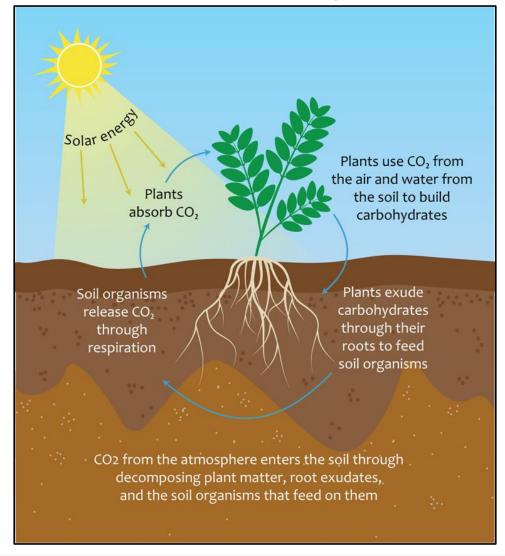
#### **Livestock Methane Emissions Since 1990**

#### **Crop GHG Emissions Since 1980**





# **Carbon Cycle**







- How do we build soil carbon?
  - Reducing soil disturbance
  - Frequent living root systems below ground
  - Decomposing crop residue
  - Altering fertilizing methods
    - Lower usage rates
    - Manure
  - Changing crop rotations



- Market structure
  - Carbon "Brokers" offer carbon credit programs
  - 1.) Farmers/landowners sign up with "broker"
  - 2.) Farming practice changes are made
  - 3.) Carbon brokers estimate carbon sequestered
  - 4.) Corporate buyers purchase credits from broker to offset their own emissions
  - 5.) Carbon brokers pay producers for credits earned
- Carbon Brokers
  - Indigo Ag, Nori, Land O' Lakes, CIBO, Bayer, Corteva, Nutrien, and others
  - Potential USDA involvement?



- Brand new market
  - Risk and uncertainty about contracts
  - Long-term commitments
  - Carbon calculations are vague
- Show Me the Money!
  - Estimate 0.5-1.0 ton carbon sequestered per acre
  - Current payments of \$15-20 per ton of carbon
    - Can range from \$3-40 per acre depending on program offering, practices used, & measurements taken
  - Where does the market go from here?



- Farm lease considerations
  - Consider including a clause for the following:
    - Who has the right to agree to a contract?
    - Who gets paid? Is there a payment split?
      - If so, how are costs of participating shared between parties?
    - What happens if the lease is terminated?









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