# PROPOSED MIXED-USE REGULATIONS (WOULD PERTAIN TO 3000 PENN PROPERTY)

#### (62) Mixed-Use Development

- (a) <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of a Mixed-Use Development is to create a walkable, livable, and attractive development center in the community intended to:
  - 1) Encourage economic development through the creation of a variety of compatible uses.
  - 2) Provide opportunities for multi-family housing in a manner that would integrate well with a mixture of retail, personal service and businesses, while maintaining the livability of the residences.
  - 3) Promote a walkable community with pedestrian-oriented buildings and open space that connects to nearby destinations.
  - 4) Ensure that new development is consistent with and enhances the nearby streetscape.
  - 5) Promote the adaptive reuse of existing buildings.
- (b) <u>Uses Permitted by Right within the PAC District</u>. Except for the prohibited uses listed below, each principal use permitted by right within the Penn Avenue Commercial (PAC) District, as listed under Section 314(B), shall be permitted by right within a Mixed-Use Development located within the PAC District, provided that the use, type, dimensional, and all other applicable requirements of this Chapter are satisfied.
- (c) <u>Uses Permitted by Right within the POB District.</u> Except for the prohibited uses listed below, each principal use permitted by right within the Planned Office Business (POB) District, as listed under Section 318(B), shall be permitted by right within a Mixed-Use Development located within the POB District, provided that the use, type, dimensional, and all other applicable requirements of this Chapter are satisfied.
- (d) <u>Additional Uses Permitted by Right within all Mixed-Use Developments</u>. Each of the following uses, which are otherwise permitted by special exception within the Penn Avenue Commercial (PAC) District or the Planned Office

Business (POB) District, are permitted by right within all Mixed-Use Developments, without the requirement to obtain Zoning Hearing Board approval:

- 1) Amusement establishment\*.
- 2) Auditorium\*.
- 3) Off-street parking not located on the same lot as the permitted principal use\*.
  - 4) Place of worship\*.

\*See Section 324 for additional requirements

- (e) <u>Special Exception Uses</u>. Each of the following principal uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in any Mixed-Use Development by Special Exception by the Board in accordance with the standards contained in §325 of this Chapter:
  - 1) Garden apartments\*,\*\*.
  - 2) Micro-brewery, micro-winery or micro-distillery\*.
  - 3) Single family attached dwellings (townhouses)\*,\*\*.
  - \* See Section 324 for additional requirements
  - \*\*See Section 324(B)(43) for additional requirements for garden apartments and single family attached dwellings
- (f) <u>Conditional Uses</u>. Each of the following principal uses and their accessory uses may be permitted in any Mixed-Use Development by Conditional Use by the Board of Supervisors in accordance with the standards contained in §326 of this Chapter:
  - 1) Hotel\*.
  - 2) Tavern\*.

<sup>\*</sup> See Section 324 for additional requirements

- (g) <u>Uses Prohibited within a Mixed-Use</u>
  <u>Development.</u> Despite the following uses being permitted within the Penn Avenue Commercial (PAC) District or the Planned Office Business (POB) District, such uses are prohibited within a Mixed-Use Development:
  - 1) Any use which contains drive-through facilities.
    - 2) Beverage distributor.
    - 3) Communication antennae.
    - 4) Convenience store which contains fuel pumps.
    - 5) Forestry.
    - 6) Funeral home.
    - 7) Holiday tree sales.
    - 8) Indoor sports facility.
    - 9) Miniature golf, outdoor.
    - 10) Recreation, non-municipal outdoor.
    - 11) Retail greenhouse/nursery.
    - 12) Temporary retail sales
- (h) <u>Land Use Groups</u>. Uses within a Mixed-Use Development are categorized into the following land groups:

# <u>Group 1 Uses</u>: Office, entertainment, institutional and related uses, including:

- 1) Adult day care.
- 2) Ambulatory surgical center.
- 3) Amusement establishment.
- 4) Animal hospital.
- 5) Auditorium.
- 6) Civic or social organization.
- 7) Conference / training center.
- 8) Copy center.
- 9) College, excluding those with dormitories.
- 10) Community center.
- 11) Construction co., excluding those that have substantial outdoor storage of equipment or materials.
  - 12) Cultural center.
  - 13) Financial establishment.
  - 14) Health club.
  - 15) Hospital or medical center.
  - 16) Indoor civic or social organization.

- 17) Medical office or clinic.
- 18) Membership club.
- 19) Nursery school or day care.
- 20) Office.
- 21) Place of worship.
- 22) Recreation, non-municipal indoor.
- 23) Township-owned use.
- 24) Vocational school.

# **Group 2 Uses**: Retail, restaurant, and related uses, including:

- 1) Art or photography studio.
- 2) Bakery.
- 3) Catering establishment.
- 4) Convenience store.
- 5) Hotel.
- 6) Micro-brewery, micro-winery or micro-distillery.
  - 7) Personal service establishment.
  - 8) Restaurant, fast food.
  - 9) Restaurant, food stand.
  - 10) Restaurant, standard.
  - 11) Retail store.
  - 12) Tavern.

# **Group 3 Uses**: Residential, including:

- 1) Apartments on the upper levels of buildings containing a permitted nonresidential use.
  - 2) Garden apartments.
  - 3) Single family attached dwellings (townhouses).
- (i) <u>Mix Requirements for Land Use Groups</u>. Mixed-Use Development shall comply with the following requirements for the relative percentages of land use groups, depending upon the size of the development:

## Tract Size Mixing Requirements (percent of total floor area)

Less than No mixing requirements. Developments may consist of one or more uses.

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Mixed-Use Development shall include at least two of the land use groups listed above, with each of the required groups comprising at least 10% of the development's building floor area. In addition, Group 2 uses and Group 3 uses shall each not exceed 45% of the development's building floor area.		
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#### (j) Overall Development Intensity.

- 1) The maximum overall intensity of a Mixed-Use Development shall be based upon the permitted Floor Area Ratio (FAR) in accordance with the provisions listed below. FAR is defined as "the square footage of the total building area, divided by the total square footage of the Lot Area or Tract Size". The Total Building Area in this calculation takes into account the number of floors of a building.
- 2) The Floor Area Ratio (FAR) shall be utilized to determine the total floor area allowed within a development based upon the size of the tract being developed; the higher this number, the more floor area that may be developed. The floor area ratio shall be applied to the entire Mixed-Use Development, not to individual lots within the development. (See examples of FAR calculations in § 324(B)(62)(k)).
- 3) Any Mixed-Use Development may have a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) up to 1.5. This maximum may be increased by the Township where a Mixed-Use Development qualifies for the bonuses listed below by providing the increased amenities or services specified.
- 4) The maximum permitted Floor Area Ratio (FAR) may be increased by the Township to 2.0 if it is determined that a Mixed-Use Development qualifies for such bonus based upon the provision of any of the following:
  - i) The provision of high quality open space and amenities which increases the retail viability and attractiveness of the development.
  - ii) A high potential to revitalize adjacent parcels, in particular neighboring commercial areas.
  - iii) A high level of architectural design. This may include diversity of building types and sizes, articulated facades to increase visual interest and conformity to the surrounding community's character and scale, street level windows with visually prominent framing, variations in roof lines, compatible building materials and colors, and entryway design elements and variations.

- 5) A Mixed-Use Development that qualifies for the bonuses listed above and also has been determined by the Commissioner of Public Safety to include significant safety, firefighting, fire prevention or emergency access facilities or features, beyond those which are required by applicable regulations, shall qualify for a maximum Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 2.5.
- (k) <u>Examples of Floor Area Ratio (FAR) Calculations.</u> These examples are provided solely for the purpose of demonstrating how the FAR calculations should be performed. They are not intended to demonstrate buildings or layouts that are in full compliance with all provisions of the Mixed-Use Development regulations.

#### Example No. 1

Site Data:

No. of Lots:

Lot Area:

21,780 sq. ft.

(1/2 acre)

**Building Data:** 

No. of Buildings:

1 1

No. of Stories:

**Building Footprint:** 13,086 sq. ft.

60%

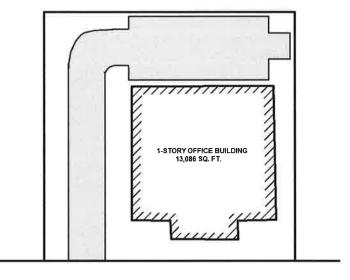
**Building Coverage:** 

**FAR Calculations:** 

Total Bldg. Area = 13,086 X (no. of stories)

 $= 13,086 \times (1) = 13,086$ 

FAR = (13,086/21,780) = 0.60



**STREET** 

#### Example No. 2

Site Data:

No. of Lots:

Lot Area:

43,560 sq. ft.

(1 acre)

**Building Data:** 

**Building A:** 

No. of Stories:

2

Building Footprint: 8,710 sq. ft.

**Building B:** 

No. of Stories:

Building Footprint: 13,070 sq. ft.

**Building Coverage:** 

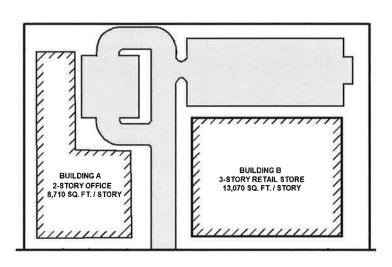
**FAR Calculations:** 

Total Bldg. Area = 8,710 X (2 stories) +

13,070 X (3 stories) =

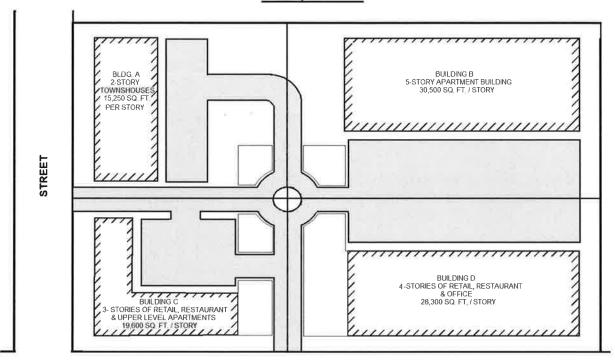
= 56,630

FAR = (56,630/43,560) = 1.30



**STREET** 

## Example No. 3



STREET

Site Data:		Building Data:	
No. of Lots:	4	Building A:	
Tract Size:	217,800 sq. ft.	No. of Stories: 2	
	(5 acres)	Building Footprint: 1	5,250 sq. ft.
		Building B:	
		No. of Stories: 5	
		Building Footprint: 3	0,500 sq. ft.
FAR Calculations	<u>s:</u>	Building C:	
	- 15 250 V (2 -+:)	No. of Stories: 3	
Total Bldg. Area	= 15,250 X (2 stories) +	140, 01 3(01)65, 3	
Fotal Bldg. Area	30,500 X (5 stories) +	Building Footprint: 1	9,600 sq. ft.
Fotal Bldg. Area	· · ·		9,600 sq. ft.
Total Bldg. Area	30,500 X (5 stories) +	Building Footprint: 1	9,600 sq. ft.
-	30,500 X (5 stories) + 19,600 X (3 stories) +	Building Footprint: 19 Building D:	

(l) <u>Mixed Use Dimensional Requirements</u>. All Mixed-Use Development shall comply with the following dimensional requirements, where applicable:

# DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENTS

# WITHIN THE PAC DISTRICT

	Residential Uses	Nonresidential Uses	
	(Garden Apartments &	(With or without Upper Level Apartments	
	Townhouses)		
Setbacks along Exterior Tract	Front Yd.: 5 ft.	Front Yd.: 5 ft.	
Boundaries	Side Yd.: 10 ft.	Side Yd.: 10 ft.	
	Rear Yd.: 25 ft.	Rear Yd.: 25 ft.	
Min. Tract Area	10,000 sq. ft.	10,000 sq. ft.	
Min. Tract Width	쌜	100 ft.	
Min. Lot Area	2,000 sq. ft. <sup>1</sup>	10,000 sq. ft.	
Min. Lot Width	22 feet <sup>1</sup>	100 ft.	
Max. Building Coverage <sup>2</sup>	60%	60%	
Total Impervious Coverage <sup>2</sup>	75%	75%	
Max. Building Height	3 stories <sup>3,7</sup> or 40 feet <sup>3,4,7</sup>	3 stories <sup>3,7</sup> or 40 feet <sup>3,4,7</sup>	

Min. Front Yard <sup>5</sup>	5 feet	5 feet
Min. Side Yard <sup>5</sup> (one)	10 feet	10 feet
Min. Rear Yard <sup>5</sup>	25 feet	25 feet
ıilding Separation Distances <sup>6</sup>	30 feet or the distance equival	ent to the average height of

the 2 buildings, whichever is greater

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For townhouse units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Maximum building & impervious coverage shall apply to overall mixed-use development, not to individual lots within the development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Zoning Hearing Board may increase number of stories, and the corresponding building height, by special exception (See § 324(B)(62)(n)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Whichever is less.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For internal lot lines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Between multiple residential buildings located on the same lot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Where proposed residential or nonresidential buildings, having heights in excess of 3 stories or 40 feet, are located along exterior tract boundaries that adjoin existing residential uses, buffer yards and planting screens complying with the provisions of § 405(I) shall be provided.

# DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENTS WITHIN THE POB DISTRICT

#### Nonresidential Uses Residential Uses (With or without **Garden Apartments** Upper Level Apartments) Townhouses Front Yd.: 75 ft. Front Yd.: 30 ft. Front Yd.: 5 ft. Setbacks along **Exterior Tract** Side Yd.: 75 ft. Side Yd.: 30 ft. Side Yd.: 10 ft. **Boundaries** Rear Yd.: 75 ft. Rear Yd.: 30 ft. Rear Yd.: 25 ft. Min. Tract Area 5 acres 10,000 sq. ft. 3 acres Min. Tract Width 300 feet 100 ft. Min. Lot Area 2,000 sq. ft. 10,000 sq. ft. Min. Lot Width 22 ft. 100 ft. Max. Building 50% 50% 60% Coverage<sup>1</sup> **Total Impervious** 70% 70% 75% Coverage<sup>1</sup>

Max. Building Height	5 stories <sup>2,6</sup> or 60 feet <sup>3</sup>	3 stories <sup>2,6</sup> or 40 feet <sup>3</sup>	5 stories <sup>2,6</sup> or 60 feet <sup>3</sup>
Min. Front Yard <sup>4</sup>	5 feet	5 ft.	50 ft.
Min. Side Yard <sup>4</sup> (one)	10 feet	10 ft.	20 ft.
Min. Rear Yard <sup>4</sup>	25 feet	25 ft.	30 ft.
Building Separation Distances <sup>5</sup>	30 feet or the distance	equivalent to the average l whichever is greater	neight of the 2 buildings,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Maximum building & impervious coverage shall apply to overall mixed-use development, not to individual lots within the development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Zoning Hearing Board may increase number of stories, and the corresponding building height, by special exception (See § 324(B)(62)(n)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Whichever is less.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For internal lot lines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Between multiple residential buildings located on the same lot.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Where proposed residential or nonresidential buildings, having heights in excess of 3 stories or 40 feet, are located along exterior tract boundaries that adjoin existing residential uses, buffer yards and planting screens complying with the provisions of § 405(I) shall be provided.

- (m) <u>Additional Requirements for Garden Apartments</u> and <u>Townhouses</u>. In addition to the provisions in Section (i) above, portions of Mixed-Use Developments containing garden apartments or townhouses shall comply with the following:
  - 1) The maximum length of a building containing garden apartments shall be one hundred sixty feet (160') within the PAC District and two hundred fifty feet (250') within the POB District.
  - 2) No more than six (6) townhouse dwelling units shall be attached.
  - 3) In the case of townhouses, no more than fifty percent (50%) of the front yard shall be used for parking.
- (n) Special Exception Criteria for Additional Building Stories. The Zoning Hearing Board, in accordance with the procedures listed for special exceptions in Part 8 of this Chapter, may increase the number of allowable stories, and the corresponding building height, for buildings within a Mixed-Use Development. The granting of an increase in the number of stories, or building height, does not increase the permitted Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of the development. The Zoning Hearing Board shall consider the following when reviewing an application for such special exception approval:
  - 1) The approval of additional stories shall not adversely affect the character of the general neighborhood, or the health and safety of residents or workers on adjacent properties and in the general neighborhood.
  - 2) Adequate parking facilities to accommodate the additional stories shall be provided.
  - 3) The Township Commissioner of Public Safety shall determine that the additional building stories shall not present increased safety, firefighting, fire prevention or emergency access concerns.
- (o) <u>General Layout</u>. All Mixed-Use Developments shall comply with the following:
  - 1) The various land uses shall be laid out and spaced to make walking from one land use to any other land use as easy as possible.

- 2) Retail uses shall be located as physically close to as many of the following on and off-site features as possible: existing retail areas, bus stops, existing collector or arterial streets, and proposed plaza areas.
- 3) Within a Mixed-Use Development that includes single-use residential buildings (garden apartments or townhouses), such buildings shall be located so as to provide a transition between any abutting off-site residential zoning districts or uses and any nonresidential uses of higher concentration within the Mixed-Use Development. Such buildings shall not alter the essential character of the neighborhood within which the development is located.
- 4) Where the Tract Size permits, streets shall be laid out with blocks that include public pedestrian connections through the blocks. Such blocks shall be laid out so that there shall be a street intersection or pedestrian connection, at a minimum, every three hundred feet (300').
- 5) Mixed-Use Developments shall be designed to support existing or future public transportation service through the provision of bus shelters and roads and access drives designed to accommodate bus traffic.
- (p) <u>Standards for Approval of a Mixed-Use</u> <u>Development</u>. To assure that the intent and requirements of a Mixed-Use Development are complied with, the following shall be addressed in the application for a Mixed-Use Development.
  - 1) Site Plan. A Site Plan is required. See Section 409.
  - 2) Relationship to Surroundings. The applicant shall show how the development will be coordinated with access and utilities of other existing or proposed developments in the vicinity.
  - 3) Open Space and Landscaping. The application shall include an overall plan of open spaces and landscaping. The plan shall be implemented through a series of deed restrictions on each lot.

- 4) Coordinated access. Any Mixed-Use Development shall make the absolute maximum use possible of the interior streets and access drives, as opposed to numerous driveways entering onto existing public streets. Where applicable, deed restrictions shall be placed on any individual lots that are created, to require access to the interior street system only.
- 5) Easements for Access. The Board of Supervisors may, at the time of approval of a subdivision or land development within a Mixed-Use Development, require a lot or tract to provide an easement, stub street extension and/or street right of way extension for vehicular traffic to adjoining tracts to allow an efficient interior access system.
- 6) Shared Parking. Where shared or common parking areas are proposed to serve multiple buildings, uses or lots, evidence of continued availability and maintenance responsibility, in the form of written agreements, deed restrictions or covenants, shall be provided and, upon approval, shall be recorded in the Berks County Recorder of Deeds Office.
- 7) Traffic Impact Study. When the proposed development would meet the criteria for a traffic study specified in the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance (Chapter XXVII), or when determined necessary by the Township Engineer, an application for a Mixed-Use Development shall include a Traffic Impact Study addressing the anticipated impact of the proposed development.
- 8) Staged Construction. If development is to occur in progressive stages, each stage shall be planned and occur so that the purposes and requirements of this Chapter are fully complied with at the completion of each stage. Each stage shall be shown on the plan. For developments with total project areas greater than fifteen (15) acres, the initial stage shall encompass a minimum of forty percent (40%) of the Total Building Area. The initial stage shall not consist of a single use group, but shall contain components of each required use group. In no case shall the staging of the project result in an interim condition having construction of more than fifty percent (50%) of the total proposed

residential units, without including construction of buildings for the other required use groups.

#### 9) Information on Covenants.

- i) A Mixed-Use Development shall include a reasonable set of deed restrictions or covenants imposed by the developer on each lot. These covenants shall cover types of uses, maintenance of lots, shared parking and commercial operations, with a proper means for enforcement. The covenants shall also be written to carry out the purposes and requirements of a Mixed-Use Development.
- ii) A Mixed-Use Development shall be in single ownership or under a unified management control. Deed restrictions or covenants shall ensure compliance with this requirement.
- within iii) Where lots a Mixed-Use Development would not separately comply with all provisions of this Chapter if considered as individual, stand-alone lots, deed restrictions or covenants shall stipulate that the lot shall remain part of the Mixed-Use Development and shall conform with the provisions of the Mixed-Use Development regulations and all applicable deed restrictions or covenants.
- iv) The language of these covenants shall be presented to the Township before a Mixed-Use Development is approved.
- 10) Sewer and Water. All lots and/or uses within a Mixed-Use Development shall be provided with public sewer and water services.
- (q) <u>Exemptions from Certain Compliance and</u> <u>Performance Standards</u>. When a permitted use is located within a Mixed-Use Development:
  - 1) Any specific setback requirements listed for that use, other than those included in the provisions of Section (l) above, shall apply only to the exterior boundary

of the Mixed-Use Development, and not to any interior lot lines.

- 2) Any specific lot area requirements listed for that use, other than those included in the provisions of Section (l) above, shall apply only to the total area of the Mixed-Use Development, not to an individual lot located within the Mixed-Use Development.
- 3) Any requirement that such use be located on a lot abutting and having direct vehicular access onto an arterial or collector street shall be deemed met if the Mixed-Use Development abuts and has direct access to such a street.

## (r) <u>Building Design Standards for Mixed-Use</u> <u>Developments</u>

- 1) Buildings containing nonresidential uses and located within the Penn Avenue Commercial (PAC) District shall have a maximum building footprint of 25,000 sq. ft., except where the Board has granted a special exception permitting a modification to the maximum building footprint in accordance with the provisions of Part 8 of this Chapter. In reviewing an application for such special exception, the Board shall give consideration to the same issues listed for additional building floors under Section (n) above.
- 2) Front façades of buildings shall be oriented toward existing or proposed streets, with a main entrance in the front façade. Buildings with multiple front façades shall have entrances along each façade.
- 3) All primary building entrances shall be accentuated with accents such as recessions, protrusions, canopies, porticos or overhangs.
- 4) Loading doors, service doors, and loading docks shall not be located along any façade facing a street.
- 5) Blank walls shall not be permitted along any wall facing a street. Walls in these locations shall be provided with a minimum of thirty-five percent (35%) window area, with windows interspersed along the façade.

- 6) Ground floor facades of retail, restaurant or related uses facing a street shall comprise a minimum of fifty percent (50%) clear window area, with windows providing views of display areas or the inside of the building. Smoked, reflective or black glass in windows is prohibited.
- 7) Walls or portions of walls where windows are not provided shall have architectural treatments designed to reduce the uniform appearance and to provide visual interest.
- 8) Rear and side façades shall have colors and materials that are similar to the front façade and shall blend with structures in the development.
- 9) Building ridgelines or roof planes facing a street, parking area or walking area, shall be interrupted by architectural features at least once every one hundred feet (100'). Buildings shall use parapets or mansard roof styles to conceal flat roofs and roof top equipment.

### (s) <u>Parking Design Standards for Mixed-Use</u> <u>Developments</u>

- 1) Parking within a Mixed-Use Development shall be in accordance with the provisions of Part 7 of this Chapter.
- 2) Parking lots shall be located to the rear or side of principal buildings, and not between a building and a street.
- 3) Parking lots visible from a street shall be continuously screened by a three foot (3') high wall, fence or hedge. With the exception of the height requirement, such fence or hedge shall otherwise comply with the provisions of Section 405(I)(3) pertaining to planting screens or fences within buffer yards. Chain-link fence is prohibited for such use.
- 4) Each lot created within a Mixed-Use Development shall provide cross-access easements for its parking areas and access drives guaranteeing access to adjacent lots within the development.

## (t) <u>Pedestrian Design Standards for Mixed-Use</u> <u>Developments</u>

- 1) Sidewalks with a minimum width of eight feet (8') are required along all street frontages with retail, restaurant and related uses. Sidewalks with a minimum width of six feet (6') are required along all street frontages with other uses. All other sidewalks available for use by the public shall have a minimum width of four feet (4').
- 2) Sidewalks are required to connect the street frontage to all front building entrances, parking areas, plazas and any other destination that would generate pedestrian traffic. Sidewalks shall connect to existing sidewalks on abutting tracts and other nearby pedestrian destination points and bus stops.

#### (u) Sidewalk Displays of Retail Merchandise

- 1) Sidewalk displays of retail merchandise are permit along the fronts of retail stores within a Mixed-Use Development.
- 2) The display area shall not obstruct the use of any egress door or aisle, access lane or standpipe.
- 3) Sidewalk displays of retail merchandise are permitted only at times that the retail store is open for business. All retail merchandise and display equipment, accessories or appurtenances must be removed from the sidewalk at times that the retail store is closed.
- 4) Within the Penn Avenue Commercial District (PAC), sidewalk displays of retail merchandise may encroach into public street right-of-way and/or public sidewalk area, subject to the following regulations:
  - i) No encroachment into the public street cartway or driving surface, or layout of merchandise or display equipment which causes pedestrians or customers to walk within the street cartway, shall be permitted.
  - ii) Display areas shall provide not less than five (5) contiguous feet of sidewalk clear of obstructions to allow unimpeded pedestrian traffic.

Display areas shall be arranged to permit a smooth alignment of the pedestrian sidewalk across several properties and shall not cause abrupt turns or angles. At street corner intersections, the display area shall comply with all ADA requirements and shall not obstruct the clear sight distance for vehicles nor be located within required clear sight triangles.

- iii) Any encroachment of a display area into a public street right-of-way requires Township approval, which shall include an indemnification. Prior to placing any items associated with the use upon any public sidewalk, the Township will inspect the condition of the sidewalk to its conformance to Township specifications.
- iv) The licensee of the sidewalk display is responsible for keeping the premises clean at all times, including the public sidewalk and other furnishings of the sidewalk display. At no time may trash or debris of any kind be blown, swept or otherwise deposited onto the street or sidewalk.

# (v) <u>Open Space and Plaza Design Standards for Mixed-Use Developments</u>

- 1) Required open space shall only consist of Plazas, Central Greens, trails, Greenways, Pedestrian Malls, promenades, picnic areas, and other similar types of usable public space.
- 2) Required open space areas shall be designed as focal points within the development and shall make public access as easy and straightforward as possible.
  - 3) Plazas shall meet the following requirements:
  - i) A Mixed-Use Development shall provide one square foot of Plaza area for every forty (40) square feet of gross building floor area; however, developments with less than 25,000 square feet of gross floor area are not required to provide Plaza area.

- ii) Individual Plazas shall be no smaller than 2,500 square feet.
- iii) Plazas shall be surrounded on all sides by either streets or front façades of buildings.
- iv) At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the Plaza area shall be landscaped with trees, shrubs and mixed plantings with year-round interest.
- v) Plazas shall be centrally located within the Mixed-Use Development and easily accessible from residential and non-residential buildings.
- vi) A Plaza shall not be used for parking, loading or vehicular access.

#### (w) <u>Lighting Standards for Mixed-Use Developments</u>

- 1) Adequate lighting for pedestrians and vehicles shall be provided in all areas open to the public.
- 2) Lighting shall comply with the requirements of Section 513 of this Chapter.
- 3) Lighting for buildings, accessways and parking areas shall be arranged so as not to reflect toward public streets and not to cause any annoyance to building occupants or surrounding property owners or residents.
- (x) <u>Outdoor Dining</u>. Outdoor dining areas shall comply with the requirements of Section 314(B)(83) of this Chapter.
- (y) <u>Signs</u>. Signs within a Mixed-Use Development shall comply with the all applicable provisions of Part 6 of this Chapter.